

anyway, so whether you say directs or intent.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: So then why don't we direct it, because I don't think that there is the same will to put requirements on some of these others that there is to put on poor people. So if the language would be left intact, except that instead of saying it is the intent of the Legislature, it would say the Legislature directs, would you agree to that?

SENATOR WESELY: I don't...I don't have any problem with that but, again, well, okay, I wouldn't have any problem with that, no.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Then, Mr. Speaker, Mr. Speaker,...

SPEAKER WITHEM: Yes, Senator Chambers.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: I want to withdraw...wait a minute. See, I don't know whether I can rely on this. I'm going to draft a substitute for that that's up there and then I'm going to withdraw it. But I better not withdraw it right now because I haven't drafted this one yet.

SPEAKER WITHEM: Senator...thank you, Senator Chambers. Senator Beutler.

SENATOR BEUTLER: Senator Withem, members of the Legislature, I just wanted to make a couple of additional comments on the exchange that Senator Chambers and myself had. I believe there are a couple of additional things that need to be said on that matter. First of all, he objected to the language "regularly attend school" as being indefinite and uncertain and I simply want to point out to you that same language is in 79-202 which is our compulsory education law. Presumably, that's been interpreted by the courts and has a meaning from that context and I would assume and intend that whatever that particular meaning is would be the same meaning that would be applied in this case to...in this particular instance. So I don't think we're pulling language out of the hat that has...that is unreasonable language. And I also wanted to remind people that the compulsory education law, which applies to everybody, of course, who has kids 16...16 years of age or under, does have punitive provisions. Back in Section 79-216, it indicates that any person violating the compulsory education law shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor. And a Class III misdemeanor